



**Charter of the Audit Committee
of the Board of Directors of
Atmos Energy Corporation
(Adopted: February 3, 2015)**

Purpose

It is the purpose of the Audit Committee (the "Committee") to (A) assist the Board with oversight of the (i) integrity of the Company's financial statements, (ii) Company's compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements, (iii) qualifications and independence of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm ("independent auditors") and (iv) performance of the Company's independent auditors and internal audit function; and (B) prepare the Committee report to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement, as required under Regulation S-K.

While the Committee has the oversight powers and duties set forth in this charter, it is not the Committee, but management of the Company, who is responsible for determining that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Likewise, it is not the Committee, but the independent auditors, who are responsible for planning or conducting audits. It is also the responsibility of management to assure the Company's compliance with applicable laws and regulations, disclosure controls and procedures, internal control over financial reporting and its corporate compliance program, with oversight by the Committee in the matters addressed by this charter. The powers and duties of the Committee set forth below are the sole responsibility of the Committee and may not be allocated to any other committee of the Board.

Powers and Duties

A. The Committee shall have the power to perform the following duties, as well as performing any additional duties as may be directed by the Board of Directors from time to time:

1. Independent auditors and internal audit function

- To provide an open avenue of communications among management, the independent auditors, the internal audit function and the Board of Directors.

- To be directly responsible for the appointment (and recommend that the Board submit such appointment for shareholder ratification), compensation, retention and oversight of the independent auditors of the Company (including without limitation, the resolution of any disagreements between management of the Company and the independent auditors regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, with the independent auditors reporting directly to the Committee.
- To have the sole authority to review in advance, and grant any appropriate pre-approvals of, all audit services to be provided by the independent auditors and all non-audit services to be provided by the independent auditors that are permitted by applicable law, and in connection therewith, to approve all fees and other terms of engagement for both audit and non-audit services.
- To meet to review and discuss the Company's annual audited financial statements and quarterly unaudited financial statements with management and the independent auditors, including reviewing the Company's specific disclosures in such financial statements under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."
- To meet quarterly with the independent auditors, before the release of the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q or the annual report on Form 10-K, to receive a report from the independent auditors concerning (i) the critical accounting policies and practices used by the Company, (ii) alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management of the Company, the ramifications of the use of such treatments in the Company's financial statements and the treatments preferred by the independent auditors and (iii) a review of all other material communications between the Company and the independent auditors.
- To receive from the independent auditors, at least annually, a report describing the firm's internal quality-control procedures, any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm, and any actions taken by the firm to address such issues.

- To receive from the independent auditors, at least annually, a report delineating all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company and to investigate any disclosed relationships or services that could possibly impact the objectivity and independence of the independent auditors, including, if necessary, recommending to the Board of Directors that it take appropriate action to satisfy itself of the independence of the independent auditors.
- To receive written confirmation from the independent auditors on an annual basis that the lead, coordinating or concurring audit partner of the independent auditors, who has primary responsibility for the audit or who is responsible for reviewing the audit, has not performed audit services for the Company during time periods that are prohibited under current rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) listing standards.
- To evaluate the independent auditors’ qualifications, performance and independence, which should include the review and evaluation of the lead partner, after reviewing the foregoing reports and the independent auditors’ work throughout the year. In making its evaluation, the Committee should take into account the opinions of management and the firm performing the Company’s internal audit function. In addition to assuring the regular rotation of the lead audit partner as required by law, the Committee should further consider whether, in order to assure continuing auditor independence, there should be regular rotation of the independent auditors. The Committee should then present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditors to the Board.
- To periodically meet separately in executive session with each of management, the independent auditors and the firm performing the internal audit function to discuss, in addition to any matters deemed appropriate by the Committee, (i) any significant disagreements that may have arisen in connection with the preparation of the Company’s financial statements, or related disclosures therein, (ii) with respect to the independent auditors, any difficulties encountered during the course of the annual audit or quarterly reviews, including any restrictions placed by management on the scope of the independent auditors’ activities, access to requested information or any significant disagreements with management and (iii) with respect to the internal audit function, its responsibilities, budget and staffing as well as any difficulties encountered during the course of any internal audit project, including any restrictions placed by management on the scope of the internal auditors’

activities, access to requested information or any significant disagreements with management.

- To report to the Board of Directors and to make such recommendations with respect to the reports of the independent auditors, internal audit function and management as the Committee deems necessary or appropriate, including without limitation, the discussion of the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements, the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the performance and independence of the independent auditors or the performance of the internal audit function.
- To establish hiring policies for employees or former employees of the independent auditors that are consistent with applicable law, the rules and regulations of the SEC and the listing standards of the NYSE.

2. Other Activities

- To receive quarterly, before the filing of any quarterly report on Form 10-Q or annual report on Form 10-K with the SEC, a report from the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company concerning (i) any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls that could adversely impact the Company's ability to process and report financial data, (ii) any material weaknesses in the Company's internal controls that they have identified for the independent auditors and (iii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.
- To recommend to the Board of Directors whether the financial statements should be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.
- To review and approve all disclosures concerning non-audit services that are required to be included in any reports to be filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- To review at least annually, with management, the operation and activities of the internal audit function and to evaluate the quality of performance of the internal audit function.
- To periodically meet with the Company's General Counsel to review (i) any legal matters that could have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, (ii) the Company's compliance

with legal and regulatory requirements or its code of conduct and (iii) any material reports or inquiries received from any governmental agency or other regulatory authority.

- To periodically meet with management of the Company to discuss the Company's quarterly earnings releases as well as any earnings guidance and other financial information provided to analysts, rating agencies and other third parties.
- To periodically discuss with management the Company's assessment of risks, in which the Company's major risks, such as risks relating to financial reporting processes, credit risks, liquidity risks, market risks, cybersecurity risks and other risks are identified and assessed, as well as the actions that management has taken to monitor and control such risks, including a discussion of the guidelines, processes and policies that govern such actions and assessment of the insurance coverage and other mitigating factors associated with such risks.
- To review and approve the Company's decision to enter into all swaps transactions, including, without limitation, non-cleared swaps that are exempt from the mandatory swap clearing requirement and mandatory swap execution requirement established under applicable federal law, rules and regulations. The Committee may review and approve swaps transactions submitted to it by management on (i) an individual transaction basis or (ii) a blanket basis, with respect to all non-cleared swaps that are exempt from the federal mandatory swap clearing and execution requirements, which approval must be reviewed at least annually. Further, the Committee shall, at least annually, review and approve the Company's current and proposed hedging policies and strategies related to its use of swaps to hedge or mitigate commercial risks.
- To establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints on accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, as well as for the confidential, anonymous submissions by Company employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.
- To engage the services of other advisors, including without limitation, any legal advisors, that the Committee determines is necessary to carry out its duties, as well as review and approve the fees and expenses charged to the Company by such advisors.
- To determine the appropriate amount of funding to be provided by the Company to the Committee, at least annually, in connection with the Committee's payment of compensation to the independent

auditors and other advisors engaged by the Committee as well as any ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

- To conduct an annual performance evaluation of the Committee.
 - To annually review this charter and recommend to the Board of Directors any necessary amendments.
- B. The power and authority of the Audit Committee is subject to the provisions of the Texas Business Organizations Code, the Virginia Stock Corporation Act, the Company's Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, applicable federal securities laws, the rules and regulations of the SEC and the listing standards of the NYSE.

Membership

- A. The Committee shall be comprised of three to six members of the Board of Directors, each of whom shall satisfy the independence, financial literacy and experience requirements of the Exchange Act and the listing standards of the NYSE. The members of the Committee and its Chair shall be appointed annually by the Board of Directors. Members of the Committee shall receive no fees or other remuneration from the Company other than directors' fees.
- B. Vacancies in the membership of the Committee shall be filled by the Board of Directors.
- C. No member of the Committee may serve on the audit committee of more than two other public companies, unless the Board of Directors determines that such simultaneous service does not impair such director's effectiveness.
- D. At least one member of the Committee shall possess the qualifications to be deemed an "audit committee financial expert," as such term is defined by SEC rules and regulations. The Board of Directors shall make such determination annually.

Meetings

- A. The Committee shall meet at least quarterly, or more frequently as circumstances warrant, upon the call of the Chair of the Committee. A majority of the Committee members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- B. The Chair of the Committee shall prepare or cause to have prepared a written agenda in advance of each meeting of the Committee. The Committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and shall report its actions to the full

Board at the next Board meeting. The Secretary of the Board of Directors will serve as Secretary for the Committee.